

and Budget, in consultation with the Administrator of General Services, shall develop standards and guidelines for executive agencies to—

(1) prohibit Federal funds from being awarded by contract, subcontract, grant, or subgrant for the procurement of solar panels that are manufactured or assembled by a covered entity; and

(2) prohibit the use of government-issued purchase cards to purchase solar panels that are manufactured or assembled by a covered entity.

(b) AMENDMENT OF FEDERAL ACQUISITION REGULATION.—Not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Federal Acquisition Regulatory Council shall amend the Federal Acquisition Regulation to implement the prohibition established pursuant to subsection (a)(1) with respect to Federal contracts and subcontracts.

#### SEC. 4503. EXEMPTION WAIVER.

(a) IN GENERAL.—The head of an executive agency may obtain a waiver from the prohibition implemented pursuant to section 4502 if the agency head certifies to the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security that the covered entity is the only viable source for the solar panels and the Secretary of State and the Secretary of Homeland Security jointly approve the waiver request.

(b) NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—The head of an agency requesting a waiver under this section shall notify the Director of the Office of Management and Budget of the request. The Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall submit to the appropriate congressional committees a quarterly report listing requests listing under subsection (a), including whether each such request was approved or rejected.

(2) APPROPRIATE CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEES.—In this subsection, the term “appropriate congressional committees” means—

(A) the Committee on Foreign Relations and the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs of the Senate; and

(B) the Committee on Foreign Affairs and the Committee on Oversight and Reform of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 4504. COMPTROLLER GENERAL REPORT.

Not later than 275 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Comptroller General of the United States shall submit to Congress a report on the amount of solar panels procured by Federal departments and agencies from covered entities.

#### SEC. 4505. STUDY.

(a) INDEPENDENT STUDY.—Not later than one year after the date of the enactment of this Act, the Director of the Office of Management and Budget shall seek to enter into a contract with a federally funded research and development center under which the center will conduct a study of—

(1) the current and future domestic market of solar panel production;

(2) the ability of the solar panel domestic market to keep pace with technological advancements across the industry; and

(3) the current global supply chain and workforce involved with solar panel production.

(b) SUBMISSION TO CONGRESS.—Not later than 30 days after the date on which the Director of the Office of Management and Budget receives the study under subsection (b), the Director shall submit the study to—

(1) the Committee on Homeland Security and Governmental Affairs and the Committee on Energy and Natural Resources of the Senate; and

(2) the Committee on Homeland Security, the Committee on Oversight and Reform, and the Committee on Energy and Commerce of the House of Representatives.

#### SEC. 4506. DEFINITIONS.

In this subtitle:

(1) COVERED ENTITY.—The term “covered entity” means any entity domiciled in the People’s Republic of China or subject to influence or control by the Government of the People’s Republic of China or the Communist Party of the People’s Republic of China, as determined by the Secretary of Homeland Security.

(2) EXECUTIVE AGENCY.—The term “executive agency” has the meaning given the term in section 133 of title 41, United States Code.

(3) SOLAR PANEL.—The term “solar panel” means crystalline silicon photovoltaic (PV) cells and modules.

**SA 1612.** Mr. SCOTT of Florida submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1502 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill S. 1260, to establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place, insert the following:

#### SEC. \_\_\_\_ . SECURITIES.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Section 6(b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (15 U.S.C. 78f(b)) is amended by adding at the end the following:

“(11) The rules of the exchange require an issuer, before the initial listing of any security of the issuer on the exchange, and in each annual report filed with the Commission and the exchange under section 13(a), to disclose the following information:

“(A) Whether the Government of the People’s Republic of China has provided the issuer with any financial support, including—

“(i) any direct subsidy, grant, loan, loan guarantee, tax concession, or benefit with respect to procurement policy; or

“(ii) any other form of support.

“(B) If the Government of the People’s Republic of China has provided support described in subparagraph (A), the conditions under which that Government provided that support, including whether that Government required the issuer to—

“(i) satisfy certain requirements with respect to exports;

“(ii) purchase items from certain entities;

“(iii) use certain intellectual property; or

“(iv) employ members of the Chinese Communist Party or other employees of that Government.

“(C) Whether there are any committees of the Chinese Communist Party established within the issuer, which shall include the disclosure of—

“(i) which employees of the issuer comprise that committee; and

“(ii) the roles played by the employees described in clause (i).

“(D) Information regarding each individual who, as of the date on which the disclosure is made, is an officer or director of the issuer (or a subsidiary of the issuer) and holds, or previously held, a position with the Chinese Communist Party or the Government of the People’s Republic of China, including the title of that position and the geographic location in which the individual holds or held that position, as applicable.”.

(b) RULES.—Not later than 180 days after the date of enactment of this Act, the Secu-

rities and Exchange Commission shall make any amendments to the rules of the Commission that are necessary as a result of the amendments made by subsection (a).

**SA 1613.** Mr. SCOTT of Florida submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1502 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill S. 1260, to establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of title III of division F, add the following:

#### SEC. 6302. PROHIBITION ON IMPORTATION OF CITRUS FROM PEOPLE’S REPUBLIC OF CHINA.

The importation of pummelo, Nanfeng honey mandarin, ponkan, sweet orange, and Satsuma mandarin citrus from the People’s Republic of China is prohibited.

**SA 1614.** Mr. SCOTT of Florida submitted an amendment intended to be proposed to amendment SA 1502 proposed by Mr. SCHUMER to the bill S. 1260, to establish a new Directorate for Technology and Innovation in the National Science Foundation, to establish a regional technology hub program, to require a strategy and report on economic security, science, research, innovation, manufacturing, and job creation, to establish a critical supply chain resiliency program, and for other purposes; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the appropriate place in title III of division F, insert the following:

#### SEC. 63 \_\_\_\_ . SECURING THE BULK-POWER SYSTEM.

(a) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) BULK-POWER SYSTEM.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—The term “bulk-power system” has the meaning given the term in section 215(a) of the Federal Power Act (16 U.S.C. 824o(a)).

(B) INCLUSION.—The term “bulk-power system” includes transmission lines rated at 69,000 volts (69 kV) or higher.

(2) COVERED EQUIPMENT.—The term “covered equipment” means items used in bulk-power system substations, control rooms, or power generating stations, including—

(A)(i) power transformers with a low-side voltage rating of 69,000 volts (69 kV) or higher; and

(ii) associated control and protection systems, such as load tap changers, cooling systems, and sudden pressure relays;

(B)(i) generator step-up (GSU) transformers with a high-side voltage rating of 69,000 volts (69 kV) or higher; and

(ii) associated control and protection systems, such as load tap changers, cooling systems, and sudden pressure relays;

(C) circuit breakers operating at 69,000 volts (69 kV) or higher;

(D) reactive power equipment rated at 69,000 volts (69 kV) or higher; and

(E) microprocessing software and firmware that—

(i) is installed in any equipment described in subparagraphs (A) through (D); or

(ii) is used in the operation of any of the items described in those subparagraphs.